

Right To Work Benefits Spring 2021

Percentage Growth in the Number of People Employed	Right to Work States Forced-Unionism States	11.0% 2.4%
(2010-2020)	Source: Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) Household Survey	
Growth in Manufacturing, Private-Sector Payroll Employment	Right to Work States	9.1%
	Forced-Unionism States	-0.2%
(2010-2020)	BLS Establishment Survey	
Percentage Growth in Total Private-Sector, Non-Farm Employment (2009-2019)	Right to Work States	24.5%
	Forced-Unionism States	18.7%
	Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA)	
Cost of Living-Adjusted Per Capita Disposable Income (2020)	Right to Work States	\$50,546
	Forced-Unionism States	\$49,202
	Missouri Economic Research and Information Center (MERIC); BEA	
Cost of Living-Adjusted After-Tax Mean Income Per Household (2019)	Right to Work States	\$64,572
	Forced-Unionism States	\$60,244
	Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census (BOC); MERIC; Tax Foundation	
Aggregate "Tax Freedom Day" (2019)	Right to Work States	April 9
	Forced-Unionism States	April 22
	Tax Foundation; BEA	
Growth in the Number of Residents Aged 35-54	Right to Work States	1.0%
	Forced-Unionism States	-7.4%
(2009-2019)		
Welfare (TANF) Recipients Per 1,000 Residents (FY 2020)	Right to Work States	3.0
	Forced-Unionism States	9.3
	U.S. Admin. For Children and Families; BOC	
Unfunded Liabilities Per Capita of Public Pension Plans (FY 2018)	Right to Work States	\$11,395
	Forced-Unionism States	\$19,028
	American Legislative Exchange Council	
Percentage Growth in Real Household Consumption (2009-2019)	Right to Work States	19.9%
	Forced-Unionism States	15.8%
	BEA	
New Privately-Owned Single-Unit Housing Authorizations Per 1,000 Residents (CY 2020)	Right to Work States	4.2
	Forced-Unionism States	1.7
	ВОС	



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* The term "Tax Freedom Day" was coined and popularized by the nonpartisan, Washington, D.C. based Tax Foundation. As the Tax Foundation has explained, it is "the day when Americans . . . finally have earned enough money to pay off their total [federal, state and local] tax bill for the year." (For simplicity's sake, the Tax Foundation assumes an equal amount of income is earned every day and does not distinguish weekdays from weekends.)

Indiana and Michigan became Right to Work states in early 2012 and early 2013, respectively. Wisconsin's Right to Work law was adopted in March 2015. West Virginia banned forced union dues and fees in 2016, and Kentucky became Right to Work in 2017. These five states are excluded from all multi-year analyses. They are included among the Right to Work states for analyses covering only a period since their laws took effect. Since the Missouri Right to Work adopted in 2017 never took effect, it is never counted as a Right to Work state.

To obtain more detailed information about how any or all the above comparative economic data were derived, contact Stan Greer -- e-mail: stg@nrtw.org

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